

#### SIDDHARTH GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS:: PUTTUR

Siddharth Nagar, Narayanavanam Road – 517583

### **OUESTION BANK (DESCRIPTIVE)**

Subject with Code: DSA(18CS0504) Course & Branch: B.Tech – CSE

Year & Sem: II-B.Tech & I-Sem Regulation: R18

# **UNIT – I: Introduction and Overview & Linked List**

## **Short Answer Questions [2Marks]**

- 1. Define data structure. Mention any two applications of data structures?
- 2. What is a double linked list? Name the three fields of double linked list?
- 3. List out the applications of a linked list?
- 4. What is a double linked list? Name the three fields of double linked list.
- 5. State the difference between stacks and linked lists?
- 6. Define and differ data and information
- 7. Define entity and entity set, domain.
- 8. Explain different types of data structures
- 9. List the advantages of linked lists over arrays.
- 10. Differentiate singly linked list and doubly linked list.

- 1. Write an algorithm to perform the following operations on a single linked list.
  - (i) Insert new node at the beginning of list. (ii) Count the number of nodes.
- 2. What is a double linked list? Name the three fields of double linked list?
- 3. What is the difference between the single linked list and double linked list, circular linked list?
- 4. a) What is array? Explain different types of arrays.
  - b) Explain about array operations?
- 5. Explain the applications of linked lists.
- **6.** Explain about single linked list?
- 7. a) What is the difference between the arrays and linked list?
  - b) What are the advantages and disadvantages of circular linked list?
- 8. Explain briefly about various types of linked lists with suitable examples.
- 9. Explain how to create circular linked list and insert nodes at end.
- 10. Explain the following operations in a doubly linked list:
- (a) Create an empty list. (b) Insert the elements 10 and 20 at the front of the list.
- (c) Insert the elements 30 at the middle of the list.
- (d) Insert the elements 15, 45 at the end of the list.
- (e) Delete the middle element from the list.

# **UNIT – II: Stacks & Queues**

#### **Short Answer Questions [2Marks]**

- 1. Define a Stack?
- 2. List out the applications of stack and Queue?
- 3. Define Queue? What are the types of Queues?
- 4. State the difference between stacks and Queue?
- 5. List the applications of priority queues
- 6. Write the postfix and prefix notations for the following expression: A/B\*C-D\*E+F/G
- 7. State the basic operations that can be performed on queue.
- 8. List the operation of priority queue?
- 9. Define deque?
- 10. State the basic operations that can be performed on a stack.

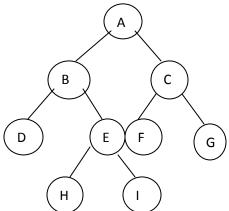
- 1. What is a stack? What are various operations that can be performed on them? Explain with an example.
- 2. State any two applications of stacks and queues? With an example, explain infix to postfix conversion a d infix to prefix conversion algorithms.
- 3. Explain how queues can be implemented using arrays?
- 4. What is a queue? What are various operations that can be performed on them? Explain with an example
- 5. Write an algorithm to implement queue operations? Write Short notes on Circular Queue?
- 6. Implement circular queue using arrays
- 7. Explain how queues can be implemented using arrays.
- 8. Write a program to perform basic operations on stack.
- 9. Write an algorithm to insert and delete a key in a circular queue.
- 10. a) What are the drawbacks of queues? Discuss in detail about the circular queues.
  - (b) What is a dequeue? What are the various operations that can be performed on them? Explain.

# <u>UNIT – III: Trees</u>

## **Short Answer Questions [2Marks]**

- 1. List the steps in pre order traversal.
- 2. What do you mean by level of the tree and height of Tree?
- 3. State the properties of a Binary Tree?
- 4. Define a binary search tree? What is the use of threaded binary tree?
- 5. Define a complete binary tree and Full Binary Tree?
- 6. Define Max heap and AVL Tree?
- 7. What do you mean by Height Balanced Tree?
- 8. List out the properties of Red-Black trees?
- 9. Define Balance factor?
- 10. Differentiate between AVL tree and Binary search tree?

- 1. Explain the various representation of trees with example in detail
- 2. Define Binary Tree? Explain node structure and Representation of binary Tree?
- **3.** Explain the various operations on a Binary tree with an example?
- 4. Write Binary Tree traversal for the given tree



- 5. Define a binary search tree? With the help of suitable example, explain the insertion and deletion of an element into binary search tree?
- 7. Construct a binary search tree from the given values. Consider the first value as the root value. Values: 45, 23, 29, 85, 92, 7, 11, 35, 49, 51
- 8. What is an AVL tree? Explain various rotations of AVL trees maintaining balance factor while insertion and deletion takes place.
- 8. What is an AVL Tree? How does it differ from a Binary tree?
- 9. Explain Heap tree in detail.
- 10. Explain Red-Black trees in detail.

# **UNIT - IV: Graphs & Searching**

### **Short Answer Questions [2Marks]**

- 1. Define Graph with an example and adjacent nodes in graph?
- 2. Define Directed graph and undirected graph?
- 3. Define out degree and in degree of graph?
- 4. Define BFS with an example.
- 5. Define DFS with an example.
- 6. What is searching?
- 7. What is linear searching?
- 8. What is binary Searching?
- 9. What is hashing? What do you mean by hash function?
- 10. What is collision? List out the Collision Resolution Techniques.

- 1. Explain the various representation of graph with example in detail.
- 2. Explain the two graph traversals techniques.
- 3. Write and explain Dijkstra algorithm for finding shortest path. Give an example.
- 4. Explain topological sorting algorithm for finding shortest path. Give an example.
- 5. Write and explain linear search procedure or algorithm with a suitable example.
- 6. Write and explain binary search procedure or algorithm with a suitable example.
- 7. (a) Compare binary search and linear search techniques.
  - (b) Find the number 77 from the following set of numbers using binary search: 6, 12, 17, 23, 38, 45, 77, 84, 90.
- 8. Explain hashing techniques with suitable examples.
- 9. What is collision? List various collision resolution techniques. Explain any two collision resolution techniques.
- 10. Explain in detail about the following collision resolution methods:
  - (i) Linear probing. (ii) Separate chaining. (iii) Double hashing.

# <u>UNIT – V:Sorting</u>

## **Short Answer Questions [2Marks]**

- 1. What is the best case and worst case time complexity of Quick sort and insertion sort?
- 2. What is the best case and worst case time complexity of bubble sort and insertion sort?
- 3. What is the advantage of quick sort? Mention its worst case time complexity.
- 4. What is heap sort?
- 5. What is merge sort?
- 6. What is difference between quick sort and heap sort?
- 7. Define sorting and its types?
- 8. What are different types of internal sorting?
- 9. What is shell sort?
- 10. What is bubble sort?

- 1. Illustrate the working of merge sort with an example. Calculate the time complexity in worst and best cases.
- 2. Explain about insertion by sorting.
- 3. Explain about Heap sort.
- 4. Explain about bubble sort with algorithm.
- 5. Define Quick sort and explain it with Example.
- 6. Explain about two way sorting.
- 7. Explain about sorting by selection by sorting.
- 8. State and explain algorithm to perform Heap sort? Sort the following numbers using heap sort: 47, 32, 15, 355, 17, 25, 45, 42 and 50.
- **9.** What is meant by sorting? Write an algorithm for insertion sort and illustrate with an example?
- 10.Explain about shell sort with example.